

**Problem 1.** Suppose  $a$  is rational and  $b$  is irrational. Prove that  $a + b$  and  $ab$  are both irrational.

**Problem 2.** Suppose  $A \cap B = A$ . Determine  $A \cup B = ?$

**Problem 3.** Determine whether or not each of the binary relations  $\mathcal{R}$  is reflexive symmetric, antisymmetric, or transitive:

- $A = \{1, 2\}$ ,  $\mathcal{R} = \{(1, 2)\}$ .
- $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ ,  $\mathcal{R} = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 1), (3, 4)\}$ .
- $A = \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $(a, b) \in \mathcal{R}$  if and only if  $ab \geq 0$ .
- $A = \mathbb{R}$ ,  $(a, b) \in \mathcal{R}$  if and only if  $a^2 = b^2$ .

**Problem 4.** Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ . For  $a, b \in A$  define  $a \sim b$  if  $ab$  is a perfect square (ie., it is a square of a natural number).

- List ordered pairs of this relation.
- For each  $a \in A$  find the  $\bar{a} = \{x \in A \mid x \sim a\}$ .
- Explain why  $\sim$  is an equivalence relation on  $A$ .

**Problem 5.** Draw the Hasse diagram for the following partial order:

$$(\{\{a\}, \{a, b\}, \{c\}, \{a, c\}, \{a, b, c\}, \{a, b, d\}\}, \subseteq).$$

**Problem 6.** Let  $f : A \rightarrow A$  be defined by  $f(x) = x^2 + 2$ .

- Let  $A = \mathbb{Z}$ . Determine if  $f$  is injective and surjective.
- Repeat part (a) for  $A = \mathbb{R}$ .

**Problem 7.** Let  $X = \{a, b\}$  and  $Y = \{1, 2, 3\}$ .

- List all the functions from  $X$  to  $Y$ .
- List all the functions from  $Y$  to  $X$ .
- List all the injective functions from  $X$  to  $Y$ .
- List all the surjective functions from  $X$  to  $Y$ .

**Problem 8.** Let  $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ , and let  $f, g, h : S \rightarrow S$  be the function defined by

$$f = \{(1, 2), (2, 1), (3, 4), (4, 5), (5, 3)\},$$

$$g = \{(1, 3), (2, 5), (3, 1), (4, 2), (5, 4)\},$$

$$h = \{(1, 2), (2, 2), (3, 4), (4, 3), (5, 1)\}.$$

- Find  $f \circ g$  and  $g \circ f$ .

- b) Find  $f^{-1}$ ,  $g^{-1}$ , and  $h^{-1}$  (if they exist).
- c) Show that  $(f \circ g)^{-1} = g^{-1} \circ f^{-1} \neq f^{-1} \circ g^{-1}$ .

**Problem 9.**

- a) Find the one-to-one correspondence between the intervals  $(1, \infty)$  and  $(3, \infty)$ .
- b) Find the one-to-one correspondence between the intervals  $(0, 1)$  and  $(a, b)$ .

**Problem 10.**

- a) Write the number 1001 in bases  $b = 2, 8$ .
- b) Suppose that in base 12 we use  $A$  to denote 10 and  $B$  to denote 11. What is the number  $1BBA$ ?